## Food and Drug Administration, HHS

at variance with the additional standards for specific products prescribed in this part provided that: (1) A physician has determined that the recipient must be transfused with the leukocytes or platelets from a specific donor, and (2) the procedure is performed under the supervision of a qualified licensed physician who is aware of the health staus of the donor, and the physician has certified in writing that the donor's health permits plateletpheresis or leukapheresis.

(b) Plasmapheresis of donors who do not meet the donor requirements of §§ 640.63, 640.64 and 640.65 of this chapter for the collection of plasma containing rare antibodies shall be permitted only with the prior approval of the Director, Center for Biologics Evaluation and Research.

[40 FR 53532, Nov. 18, 1975, as amended at 49 FR 23833, June 8, 1984; 55 FR 11013, Mar. 26, 1990]

## Subpart G—Finished Product Control

## § 606.120 Labeling, general requirements.

- (a) Labeling operations shall be separated physically or spatially from other operations in a manner adequate to prevent mixups.
- (b) The labeling operation shall include the following labeling controls:
- (1) Labels shall be held upon receipt, pending review and proofing against an approved final copy, to ensure accuracy regarding identity, content, and conformity with the approved copy.
- (2) Each type of label representing different products shall be stored and maintained in a manner to prevent mixups, and stocks of obsolete labels shall be destroyed.
- (3) All necessary checks in labeling procedures shall be utilized to prevent errors in translating test results to container labels.
- (c) All labeling shall be clear and legible.

[50 FR 35469, Aug. 30, 1985]

## § 606.121 Container label.

(a) The container label requirements are designed to facilitate the use of a uniform container label for blood and

blood components (except Source Plasma) by all blood establishments.

- (b) The label provided by the collecting facility and the initial processing facility shall not be removed, altered, or obscured, except that the label may be altered to indicate the proper name and other information required to identify accurately the contents of a container after blood components have been prepared.
- (c) The container label shall include the following information, as well as other specialized information as required in this section for specific products:
- (1) The proper name of the product in a prominent position, and modifier(s), if appropriate.
- (2) The name, address, registration number, and, if a licensed product, the license number of each manufacturer.
- (3) The donor, pool, or lot number relating the unit to the donor.
- (4) The expiration date, including the day, month, and year, and, if the dating period for the product is 72 hours or less, the hour of expiration.
- (5) If the product is intended for transfusion, the appropriate donor classification statement, i.e., "paid donor" or "volunteer donor", in no less prominence than the proper name of the product.
- (i) A paid donor is a person who receives monetary payment for a blood donation.
- (ii) A volunteer donor is a person who does not receive monetary payment for a blood donation.
- (iii) Benefits, such as time off from work, membership in blood assurance programs, and cancellation of non-replacement fees that are not readily convertible to cash, do not constitute monetary payment within the meaning of this paragraph.
- (6) For Whole Blood, Plasma, Platelets, and partial units of Red Blood Cells, the volume of the product, accurate to within ±10 percent; or optionally for Platelets, the volume range within reasonable limits.
- (7) The recommended storage temperature (in degrees Celsius).
- (8) If the product is intended for transfusion, the statements:
- (i) "Caution: Federal law prohibits dispensing without prescription."